| 1 | GOLF CLUB HEAD AND A METHOD FOR MANUFACTURING THE |
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| 2 | SAME |
| 3 | This application is a divisional application of Application No. |
| 4 | 09/818,836, filed on March 28, 2001. |
| 5 | BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION |
| 6 | 1. Field of the Invention |
| 7 | The present invention relates to a golf club head and the method for |
| 8 | forming the same, and more particularly to a golf club head with a large hitting |
| 9 | face and good flexibility. |
| 10 | 2. Description of Related Art |
| 11 | In general, one of two ways are usually used to manufacture a golf club |
| 12 | head. One is to form the head with a cast mold process, and the other is to weld |
| 13 | several parts together. However, because the conventional golf club head is |
| 14 | always made of metal and the weight of the golf club head is standardized, the |
| 15 | area of the face of the golf club head is limited. A new golfer easily misses the |
| 16 | golf ball with a golf club having a conventional head. In addition, the shock |
| 17 | absorbing effect of the conventional golf club head formed by combining several |
| 18 | parts is easily reduced because of the welding process. |
| 19 | To overcome the shortcomings, the present invention tends to provide an |
| 20 | improved golf club head to mitigate or obviate the aforementioned problems. |
| 21 | SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION |
| 22 | The main objective of the invention is to provide an improved golf club |
| 23 | head having a face with a large area. The golf club head has a metal base, face |
| 24 | and tubular neck and a carbon fiber cover. The face extends up vertically from |

- one edge of the base. The tubular neck is integrally connected to the base and the
- 2 face. The cover is securely attached to the base and the face. Because the
- 3 carbon-fiber material is lighter than the metal, the area of the face is enlarged. In
- 4 addition, a better shock absorbing effect is achieved due to the carbon-fiber
- 5 cover.
- 6 Other objects, advantages and novel features of the invention will
- 7 become more apparent from the following detailed description when taken in
- 8 conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

9 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- Fig. 1 is an exploded perspective view of a golf club head in accordance
- 11 with the present invention;
- Fig. 2 is a block diagram of a method for manufacturing the golf club
- head in Fig. 1;
- Fig. 3 is a side plan view in partial section of the golf club head in Fig. 1
- with an air bag; and
- Fig. 4 is a side plan view in partial section of the golf club head in Fig. 1.

17 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

- 18 With reference to Fig. 1, a golf club head in accordance with the present
- invention comprises a base (10), a face (11), a neck (12) and a cover (20). The
- base (10) is made of metal. A countersunk threaded hole (15) is defined in the
- base (10). A countersunk recess (16) is defined in the base (10) around the
- 22 threaded hole (15). A threaded plug (18) with an enlarged head (17) is screwed
- 23 into the threaded hole (15). Consequently, the threaded plug (18) is securely
- 24 attached to the base (10) due to the engagement with the threaded hole (15).

- The face (11) extends up vertically from one edge of the base (10).
- 2 Grooves are defined on the outside of the face (11). The neck (12) is a tubular
- 3 member and is integrally connected to the base (10) and the face (11). A lip (14)
- 4 is formed around the edges of the base (10) to form a cavity (13) between the
- 5 base (10), the lip (14) and the face (11).
- The cover (20) is securely attached to the lip (14) and the face (11) to
- 7 cover the cavity (13). At least one weighted plug (22) with an annular recess (23)
- 8 in the outer edge is inlaid in the cover (20). A bore (21) is formed in the cover (20)
- 9 to securely hold each weighted plug (22).
- With reference to Fig. 1 and 2, the process of manufacturing the golf
- 11 club head comprises the following steps:
- a. forming the base (10) and the face (11):
- The base (10) with the lip (14) and the face (11) are cast molded. Then,
- 14 the tubular neck (12) is formed with a forging process. The countersunk threaded
- hole (15) and the circular recess (16) are drilled in the base (10) and the threaded
- 16 hole (15) tapped.
- b. thermal treatment:
- The body comprising the base (10), the lip (14), the face (11) and the
- 19 neck (12) is thermally treated.
- c. grinding:
- The body is then ground to a desired shape and size.
- d. spraying aluminum oxide sand onto the body:
- By spraying the aluminum oxide sand onto the inner surface of the
- cavity (13) of the body and the edge around the cavity (13), the surface

- 1 roughness of the body is increased.
- e. attaching the cover (20) to the body:
- The cover (20) formed with multiple carbon-fiber layers. Multiple bores
- 4 (21) are defined in the cover (20). The cover (20) with bores (21) is attached to
- 5 the body to cover the cavity (13).
- f. inlaying the weighted plugs (22) into the cover (20):
- A weighted plug (22) is put into each bore (21) in the cover (20).
- g. inserting an air bag (30) into the body:
- With reference to Figs. 2 and 3, an air bag (30) is inserted into the cavity
- 10 (14) through the threaded hole (15) in the base (10). The body with the air bag
- 11 (30) is then put into a hot-pressing machine.
- h. inflating the air bag (30) and hot pressing:
- The air bag (30) is inflated and expands to abut the inner surface of the
- 14 cover (20) and the body, such that the outer surface of the cover (20) will press
- against the entire inner face of the mold in the hot-pressing machine. During the
- 16 hot-pressing mold process, the cover (20) will harden and form to a shape
- 17 conforming to the shape of the hot-pressing mold. The cover (20) will be
- securely attached to the base (10) and the face (11). Because the edge of the base
- 19 (10) and the face (11) was sprayed with the aluminum oxide sand, the attachment
- between the cover (20) and the body is enhanced. The weighted plugs (22)
- received in the bores (21) will be securely held into the cover (20) when the
- 22 cover (20) hardens during the hot-pressing mold process. In addition, with
- reference to Fig. 4, a rib (212) will be automatically formed in each bore (21)
- 24 during the hot-pressing mold process to engage the annular recess (23) in each

- weighted plug (22). The combination between each weighted plug (22) and the
- 2 cover (20) is enhanced. In another embodiment, an annular rib is formed on an
- 3 outer edge of each weighted plug (22), such that a recess engaging with the rib of
- 4 each second block (22) will be defined in each bore (21) during the hot-pressing
- 5 mold process.
- 6 i. attaching the threaded plug (18) to the base (10):
- 7 The air bag (30) is taken out of the body. The threaded plug (18) is
- 8 screwed into the threaded hole (15) in the base (10) so that the head (17) is flush
- 9 with the outer surface of the base (10). Consequently, the position of the center of
- gravity of the golf club head is adjustable based on the size and placement of the
- threaded plug (18) and weighted plugs (22).
- j. fine grinding:
- To increase the smooth of the surface of the golf club head, a fine
- 14 grinding process is carried out.
- k. coating: and
- The outer surface of the golf club head is coated with lacquer to provide
- a protective coating on the head.
- 18 l. packing:
- 19 The golf club head is packed.
- Accordingly, a golf club head with a carbon-fiber cover (20) is made.
- 21 Because the weight of the carbon-fiber material is lighter than the metal, the
- weight of the golf club head is reduced. Consequently, a face (11) with a larger
- area can be formed on the golf club head that is the same weight as the
- conventional golf club head made of metal. The face is enlarged. The likelihood

- of completely missing the golf ball can be greatly reduced. In addition, because
- 2 the elasticity of the carbon-fiber material is better than that of the metal material,
- 3 the shock absorbing effect of the golf club head is improved.
- 4 Even though numerous characteristics and advantages of the present
- 5 invention have been set forth in the foregoing description, together with details
- 6 of the structure and function of the invention, the disclosure is illustrative only,
- 7 and changes may be made in detail, especially in matters of shape, size, and
- 8 arrangement of parts within the principles of the invention to the full extent
- 9 indicated by the broad general meaning of the terms in which the appended
- 10 claims are expressed.